UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA

DAVID M. WASHINGTON

CIVIL ACTION

VS.

NO. 2:19-CV-0030

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA

COMPLAINT

The Complaint of David M. Washington respectfully alleges:

- 1. This is a claim for ERISA long term disability benefits.
- 2. This Court has jurisdiction and venue under 29 U.SC. Sec. 1001 et. Seq; 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1132(e)(1)(2).
- 3. **Plaintiff, David M. Washington**, of lawful age and a resident of Bossier City, Louisiana, is a plan participant and beneficiary of an ERISA plan created by his employer, Devon Energy Corporation and an insured participant of a group disability policy issued by Prudential.
- 4. **Defendant, The Prudential Insurance Company of America ("Prudential")**, is a foreign corporation, doing business in Louisiana. Upon information and belief, Prudential is incorporated in Newark, New Jersey, and its principal place of business is in the state of New Jersey.
 - 5. Prudential issued a group disability policy insuring the employees of Devon Energy Corporation. Plaintiff is a beneficiary and insured under the policy.
 - 6. ERISA mandates that all plan administrators discharge their duties in the interest of plan participants and beneficiaries. 29 USC Sec. 1104(a)(1).

- 7. Plaintiff filed a claim for disability benefits with the Plan because his medical condition precluded his from continuing to perform the duties of his job on a fulltime basis.
- 8. Plaintiff is disabled under the terms of the disability policy issued by Prudential.
- Prudential unlawfully denied Plaintiff benefits he is entitled to under terms of the disability policy.
- 10. Plaintiff appealed the denial, but Prudential upheld its previous decision.
- 11. Prudential's denials are based on insubstantial evidence and are arbitrary and an abuse of discretion.
- 12. Plaintiff has exhausted his administrative remedies and now timely files this suit to reverse Prudential's denial of benefits.
- 13. Prudential has abused its discretion as plan administrator by denying Plaintiff's claim for disability benefits in bad faith.
- 14. Prudential has abused its discretion by failing to consider his medical condition in relation to the actual duties of his occupation.
- 15. Prudential administered Plaintiff's claim with an inherent and structural conflict of interest as Prudential is liable to pay benefits from its own assets to Plaintiff, and each payment depletes Prudential's assets.
- 16. Prudential has failed to give the policy and Plan a uniform construction and interpretation.
- 17. Prudential chooses to conduct reviews of denied claims in order to maintain strict control over its risk of loss and to maintain higher profit margins than if a financially independent third party decided the appeals.
- 18. As a routine business practice, Prudential uses the appeals process to support initial benefit denials rather than to review impartially whether it should reverse appealed denials.

- 19. Plaintiff has been denied the benefits due to his under the Plan, has suffered, and is continuing to suffer economic loss as a result.
- 20. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of interest on all money that Defendants should have paid to Plaintiff.
- 21. Defendant's denial has required Plaintiff to hire attorneys to represent him in this matter to recover benefits due to him under the Plan.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against each Defendant as follows:

- 1. For all benefits due Plaintiff in the past and future under the Plan, plus pre- and post-judgment interest;
- 2. For all reasonable attorney fees;
- 3. For costs of suit; and
- 4. For all other relief as the facts and law may provide.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Reagan Toledano
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